

Planning Ahead for Possible Serious Illness and End of Life

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Boulder
Community
Health 

PLANNING FOR THE FUTURE...

What You, Your Family and Your Health Care Provider Need to Know



Who are we?

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- BCH's and Boulder Valley Care Network's medical director for ambulatory quality improvement and population health

Jean Abbott, MD, MH

- Faculty, Center for Bioethics and Humanities
- CU Anschutz Medical Campus
- University of Colorado Hospital Ethics Committee and the Ethics Consult Service

Goals for This Discussion:



Recognize how important it is to figure out who you would want to speak for you in a medical situation if you couldn't.



Understand some of the important documents to help your loved ones.



Consider why documents are only as good as your conversations with your family and HC provider.



Know where to get more information and help.

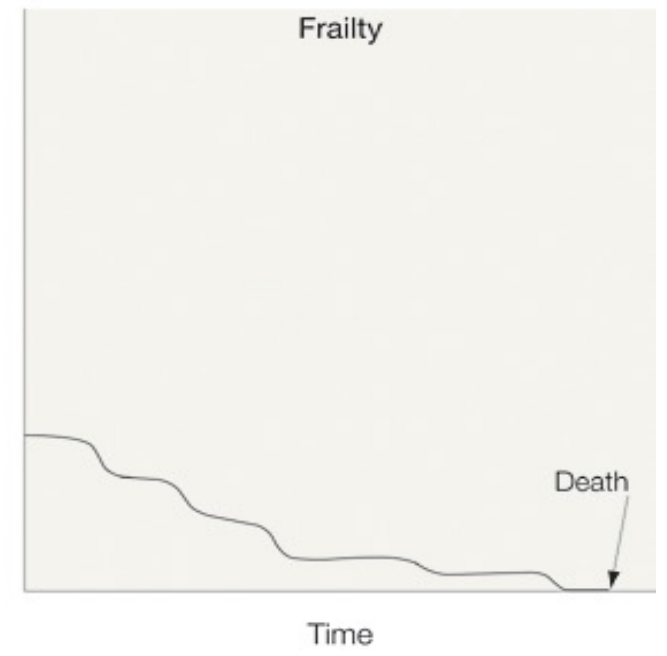
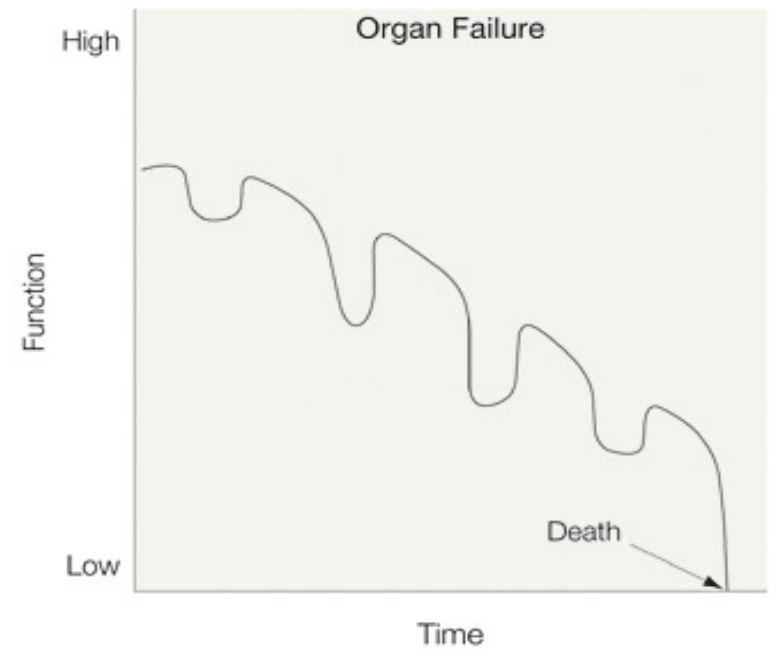
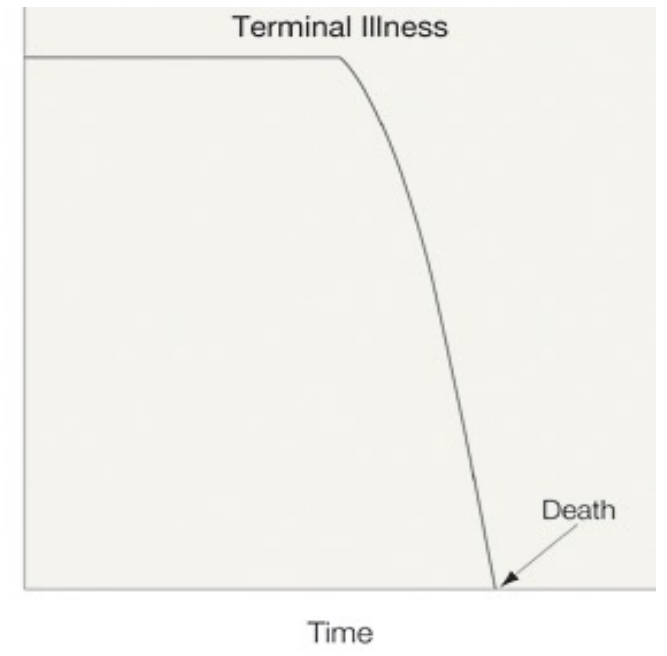
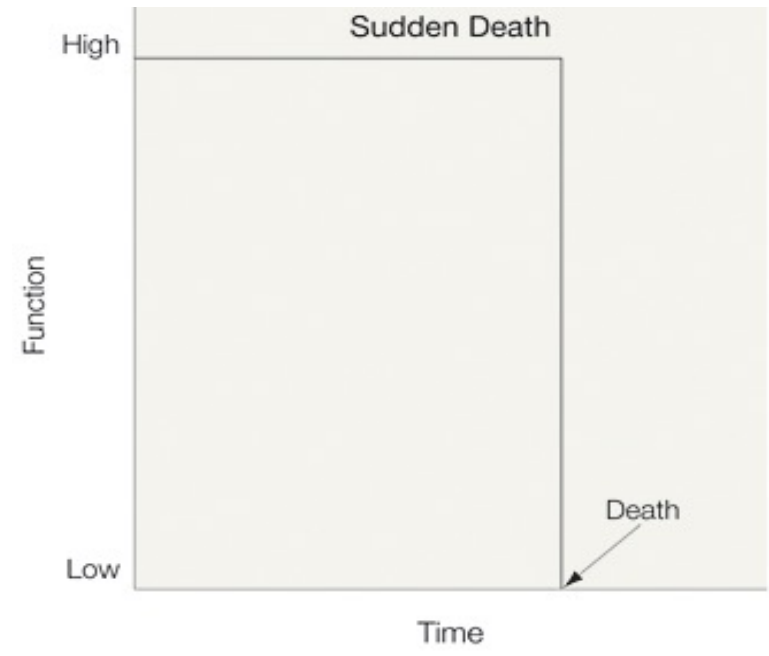


World Mortality Rate



Fb/A Science Enthusiast

How Do We Die?



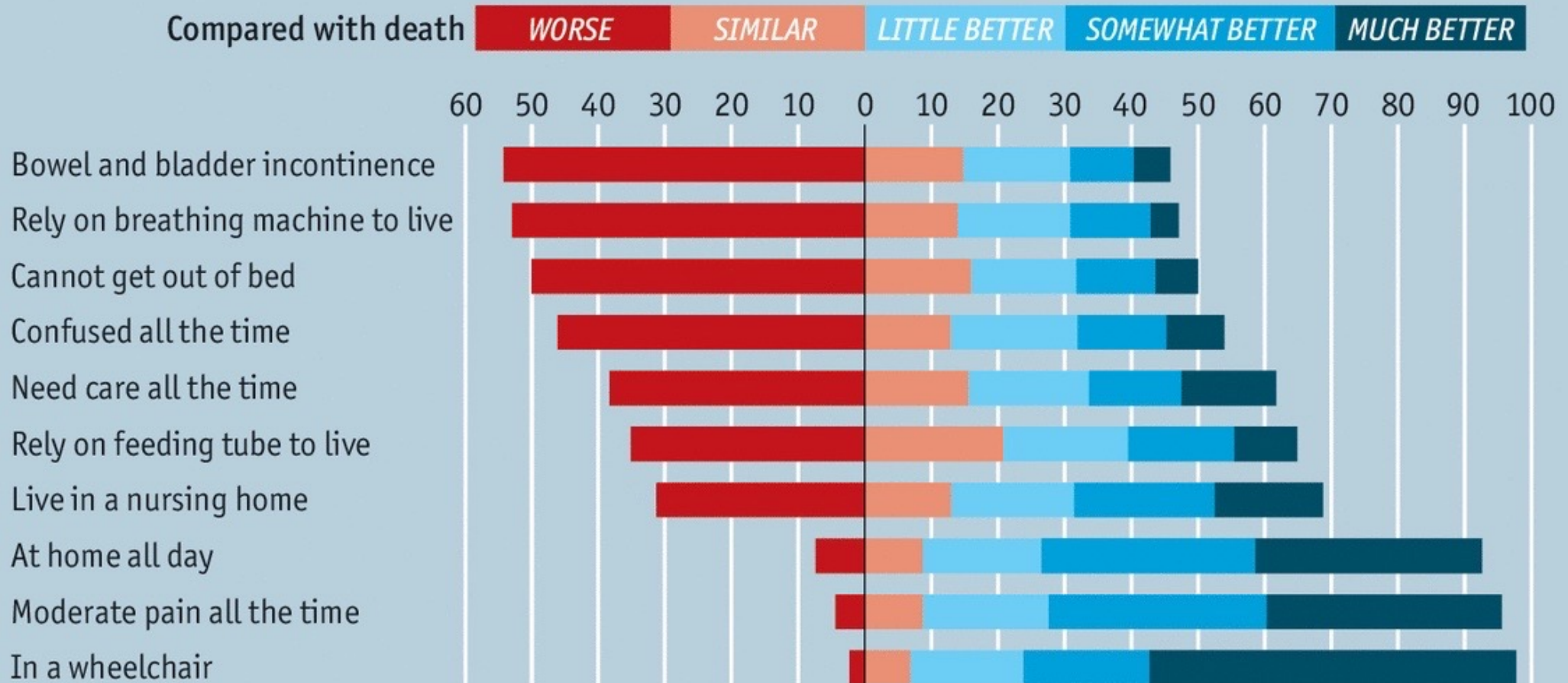
JAMA

Lunney, J. R. et al. JAMA 2003;289:2387-2392.

What is an “acceptable life” varies greatly....

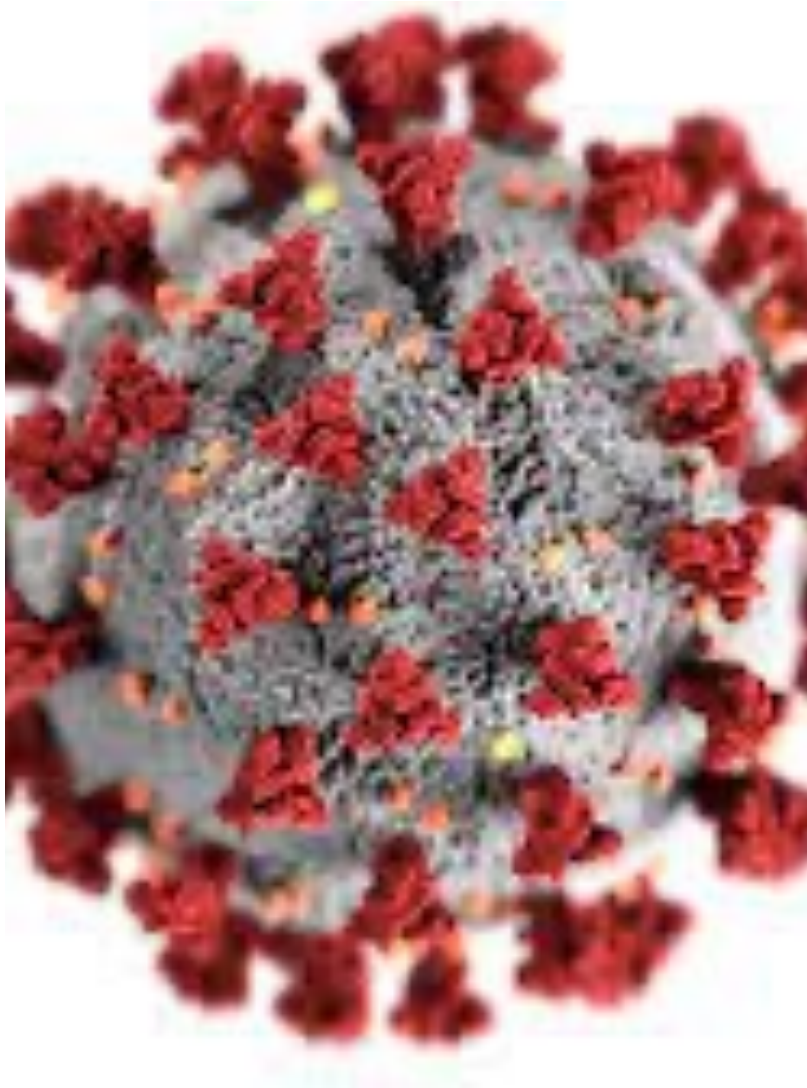
Where is thy sting?

Ratings of states of functional debility relative to death by patients in hospital with serious illnesses*, %



Source: *JAMA Internal Medicine*

*Survey conducted July 1st 2015 to March 7th 2016, Philadelphia, United States



What Difference Does COVID-19 Make?

Makes these
discussions
more real

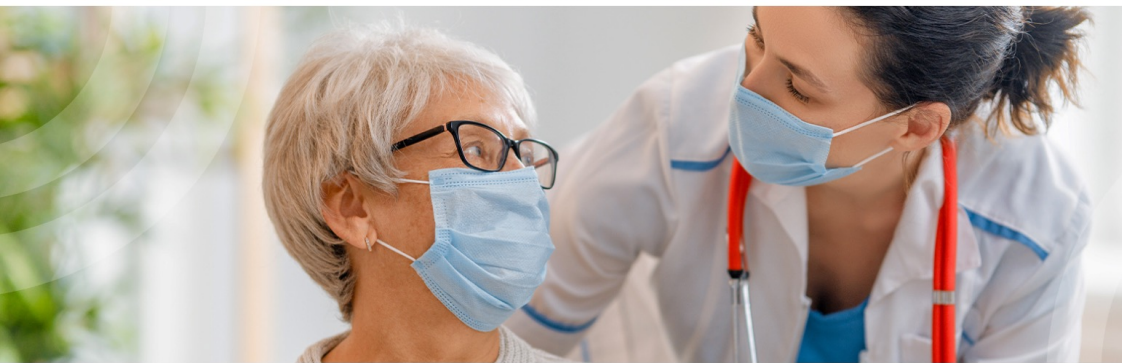
A different
kind of death
than you may
have foreseen
for yourself

COVID-19 may
be more likely
to require
somebody to
speak for you.

We practice
talking about
death, our
talk about
death

PLANNING FOR THE FUTURE

- Who should be “my voice” if I can’t speak for myself?
- What matters most to me?
- What needs to be documented?
- Who do I need to talk to?
- How will my wishes change over time?
- Where can I get more information and help?



Home > Patient & Visitors > Patient Services > Advance Care Planning

Advance Care Planning

- [How to Choose a Healthcare Agent](#)
- [How to Complete A Medical Durable Power of Attorney](#)
- [How to Start Advance Care Planning Conversations](#)
- [How to Talk to Your Medical Provider](#)
- [What to Know about the MOST Form](#)
- [The Living Will](#)
- [COVID-19 Advance Care Planning](#)
- [Advance Care Planning FAQ](#)

Who Should Be My Spokesperson?



[https://www.youtube.com/watch
?time_continue=10&v=iTxv-
20ULwQ](https://www.youtube.com/watch?time_continue=10&v=iTxv-20ULwQ)

ABA Tool: How to Select your Health Care Agent or Proxy

Compare up to 3 people with this tool. The persons best suited to be your Health Care Agents or Proxies rate well on these qualifications...

<i>Name #1:</i>		
<i>Name #2:</i>		
<i>Name #3:</i>		
		1. Meets the legal criteria in your state for acting as agent or proxy or representative? (This is a must! See next page.)
		2. Would be willing to speak on your behalf.
		3. Would be able to act on your wishes and separate his/her own feelings from yours.
		4. Lives close by or could travel to be at your side if needed.
		5. Knows you well and understands what's important to you.
		6. Is someone you trust with your life.
		7. Will talk with you now about sensitive issues and will listen to your wishes.
		8. Will likely be available long into the future.
		9. Would be able to handle conflicting opinions between family members, friends, and medical personnel.
		10. Can be a strong advocate in the face of an unresponsive doctor or institution.

What Matters Most to Me?

the conversation project
in boulder county
a program of  COMMUNITYCARE

Conversation Starter Kit (condensed)

NAME _____ DATE _____

The Conversation Project is dedicated to helping people talk about their wishes for end-of-life care. We developed the Conversation Starter Kit to help you get started with what we know can be challenging discussions. We encourage you to use this tool to identify your values. It can serve as a guide to a conversation. You may wish to visit: theconversationproject.org and download the full version of the Starter Kit that comes complete with helpful information about how and why the conversation is so important.

When should you have the conversation?

Even if you're in good health, it's still important to make sure your loved ones, and your health care team, know your wishes, since anyone's health status can change suddenly. It's particularly important to have the conversation if you or a loved one has a chronic or serious illness. Every conversation will help your loved ones and your care team understand what matters to you.

7 As you think about how you want to live at the end of your life, what's most important to you?
Now finish this sentence: What matters to me at the end of life is...

(For example, being able to recognize my children; being in the hospital with excellent nursing care; being able to say goodbye to the ones I love.)

Where I Stand Scales

Select the number that best represents your wishes. (You can write on the dotted line below each scale if you'd like to explain or add notes about your answer.)

As a patient, I'd like to know...

1 2 3 4 5
Only the basics about my condition and my treatment

All the details about my condition and my treatment

If I had a terminal illness, I would prefer to...

1 2 3 4 5
Not know how quickly it is progressing

Know my doctor's best estimation for how long I have to live

As doctors treat me, I would like...

1 2 3 4 5
My doctors to do what they think is best

To have a say in every decision

How long do you want to receive medical care?

1 2 3 4 5
Indefinitely, no matter how uncomfortable treatments are

Quality of life is more important to me than quantity

What are your concerns about treatment?

1 2 3 4 5
I'm worried that I won't get enough care

I'm worried that I'll get overly aggressive care

How involved do you want your loved ones to be?

1 2 3 4 5
I want my loved ones to do exactly what I've said, even if it makes them a little uncomfortable

I want my loved ones to do what brings them peace, even if it goes against what I've said

What are your preferences about where you want to be?

1 2 3 4 5
I wouldn't mind spending my last days in a health care facility

I want to spend my last days at home

When it comes to sharing information...

1 2 3 4 5
I don't want my loved ones to know everything about my health

I am comfortable with those close to me knowing everything about my health

7 Who would you want to make decisions on your behalf if you're not able to? (This person is called a Medical Durable Power of Attorney (MDPOA), or Agent, in the State of Colorado. More information is available at: <https://coloradocareplanning.org>)

7 Do you have any particular concerns (questions, fears) about your health? About the last phase of your life?

7 What do you feel are the three most important things that you want your friends, family, and/or doctors to understand about your wishes and preferences for end-of-life care?

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____

What are your concerns about treatment?

1

I'm worried
that I won't get
enough care

2

3

4

5

I'm worried that
I'll get overly
aggressive care



And....

- Our wishes change over time:
 - We adapt
 - Circumstances change
- Often our values are more important than what “treatments” we get
- *If you may speak for a loved one, you can't know what to decide if you don't talk together!!*



“I eat right, I exercise, I don't drink or smoke...but I'm still going to die someday? That changes everything!”

What Kinds of Written Advance Directives are There?

- Medical Durable Power of Attorney
- Medical Orders for Scope of Treatment (MOST) forms
- *For late-stage translation of your wishes into orders.*
- Living Will
- CPR directive

MEDICAL DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR HEALTHCARE DECISIONS (MDPOA)

NAME _____ DOB _____

ADDRESS _____ PHONE# _____

1. Appointment of Agent and Alternates

Declarant, hereby appoint:

Name of Agent- Relationship

Agent's Best Contact Telephone Number

Agent's home address

State here any desires concerning life-sustaining procedures, treatment, general care and services, including any special provisions or limitations:

My signature below indicates that I understand the purpose and effect of this document. I do hereby revoke and cancel any and all prior Medical Powers of Attorney that I may have

Colorado's MOST Form

- Translates values into orders
- Near the end of life
- By patient or MDPOA and doctor
- A: CPR attempts?
- B: Ranges of treatment intensity
 - Full treatment
 - Selective treatment
 - Comfort-focused treatment

SEND ORIGINAL FORM WITH PERSON WHENEVER TRANSFERRED OR DISCHARGED			
Colorado Medical Orders for Scope of Treatment (MOST) • FIRST follow these orders, THEN contact Physician, Advanced Practice Nurse (APN), or Physician Assistant (PA) for further orders if indicated. • These Medical Orders are based on the person's medical condition & wishes. • If Section A or B is not completed, full treatment for that section is implied. • May only be completed by, or on behalf of, a person 18 years of age or older. • Everyone shall be treated with dignity and respect.		Legal Last Name	
		Legal First Name/Middle Name	
		Date of Birth	Sex
		Hair Color	Eye Color
In preparing these orders, please inquire whether patient has executed a living will or other advance directive. If yes and available, review for consistency with these orders and update as needed. (See additional instructions on page 2.)			
A Check one box only	CARDIOPULMONARY RESUSCITATION (CPR) ***Person has no pulse and is not breathing.*** <input type="checkbox"/> Yes CPR: Attempt Resuscitation <input type="checkbox"/> No CPR: Do Not Attempt Resuscitation NOTE: Selecting "Yes CPR" requires choosing "Full Treatment" in Section B. When not in cardiopulmonary arrest, follow orders in Section B.		
	MEDICAL INTERVENTIONS ***Person has pulse and/or is breathing.*** <input type="checkbox"/> Full Treatment—primary goal to prolong life by all medically effective means: In addition to treatment described in Selective Treatment and Comfort-focused Treatment, use intubation, advanced airway interventions, mechanical ventilation, and cardioversion as indicated. Transfer to hospital if indicated. Includes intensive care. <input type="checkbox"/> Selective Treatment—goal to treat medical conditions while avoiding burdensome measures: In addition to treatment described in Comfort-focused Treatment below, use IV antibiotics and IV fluids as indicated. Do not intubate. May use noninvasive positive airway pressure. Transfer to hospital if indicated. Avoid intensive care. <input type="checkbox"/> Comfort-focused Treatment—primary goal to maximize comfort: Relieve pain and suffering with medication by any route as needed; use oxygen, suctioning, and manual treatment of airway obstruction. Do not use treatments listed in Full and Selective Treatment unless consistent with comfort goal. Do not transfer to hospital for life-sustaining treatment. Transfer only if comfort needs cannot be met in current location. Additional Orders:		
B Check one box only	ARTIFICIALLY ADMINISTERED NUTRITION Always offer food & water by mouth if feasible. Any surrogate legal decision maker (Medical Durable Power of Attorney [MDPOA], Proxy-by-Statute, guardian, or other) must follow directions in the patient's living will, if any. Not completing this section does not imply any one of the choices—further discussion is required. NOTE: Special rules for Proxy-by-Statute apply; see reverse side ("Completing the MOST form") for details. <input type="checkbox"/> Artificial nutrition by tube long term/permanent if indicated. <input type="checkbox"/> Artificial nutrition by tube short term/temporary only. (May state term & goal in "Additional Orders") <input type="checkbox"/> No artificial nutrition by tube. Additional Orders:		
	D DISCUSSED WITH (check all that apply): <input type="checkbox"/> Patient <input type="checkbox"/> Proxy-by-Statute (per C.R.S. 15-18.5-103(6)) <input type="checkbox"/> Agent under Medical Durable Power of Attorney <input type="checkbox"/> Legal guardian <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____		
SIGNATURES OF PROVIDER AND PATIENT, AGENT, GUARDIAN, OR PROXY-BY-STATUTE AND DATE (MANDATORY) Significant thought has been given to these instructions. Preferences have been discussed and expressed to a healthcare professional. This document reflects those treatment preferences, which may also be documented in a Medical Durable Power OA, CPR Directive, living will, or other advance directive (attached if available). To the extent that previously completed advance directives do not conflict with these Medical Orders for Scope of Treatment, they shall remain in full force and effect. If signed by surrogate legal decision maker, preferences expressed must reflect patient's wishes as best understood by surrogate.			
Patient/Legal Decision Maker Signature (Mandatory)		Name (Print)	Date Signed (Mandatory; Revokes all previous MOST forms)
Physician / APN / PA Signature (Mandatory)		Relationship/ Decision maker status (Write "self" if patient)	Date Signed (Mandatory)
Print Physician / APN / PA Name, Address, and Phone Number		Colorado License #:	
HIPAA PERMITS DISCLOSURE OF THIS INFORMATION TO OTHER HEALTHCARE PROFESSIONALS/AS NECESSARY Authority for this form and process is granted by C.R.S. 15-18.7: Directives Concerning Medical Orders for Scope of Treatment, enacted 2010.			

Who Do I Need to Talk to?



What Do You Talk About?

[https://www.youtube.com/
watch?v=CgOoWU68si4](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CgOoWU68si4)

My Mother

- 85, with progressive dementia
- Wanted to “go home” to her husband
- Got a urine infection
- Should we treat it?



- Bring your primary care and other HCPs in on this conversation.
- Insurance, including Medicare and Medicaid, will pay your provider for the time it takes to have it!
- Make a specific appointment for this discussion, so you and your HCP have the necessary time.
- Guides are available if you are not sure what to discuss.
- How often?
 - At least update or touch base on your thoughts around advance care planning once yearly at your annual visit, and then update after any significant illness or hospitalization.

Stages of Advance Care Planning Over the Life Time of Adults

First Steps

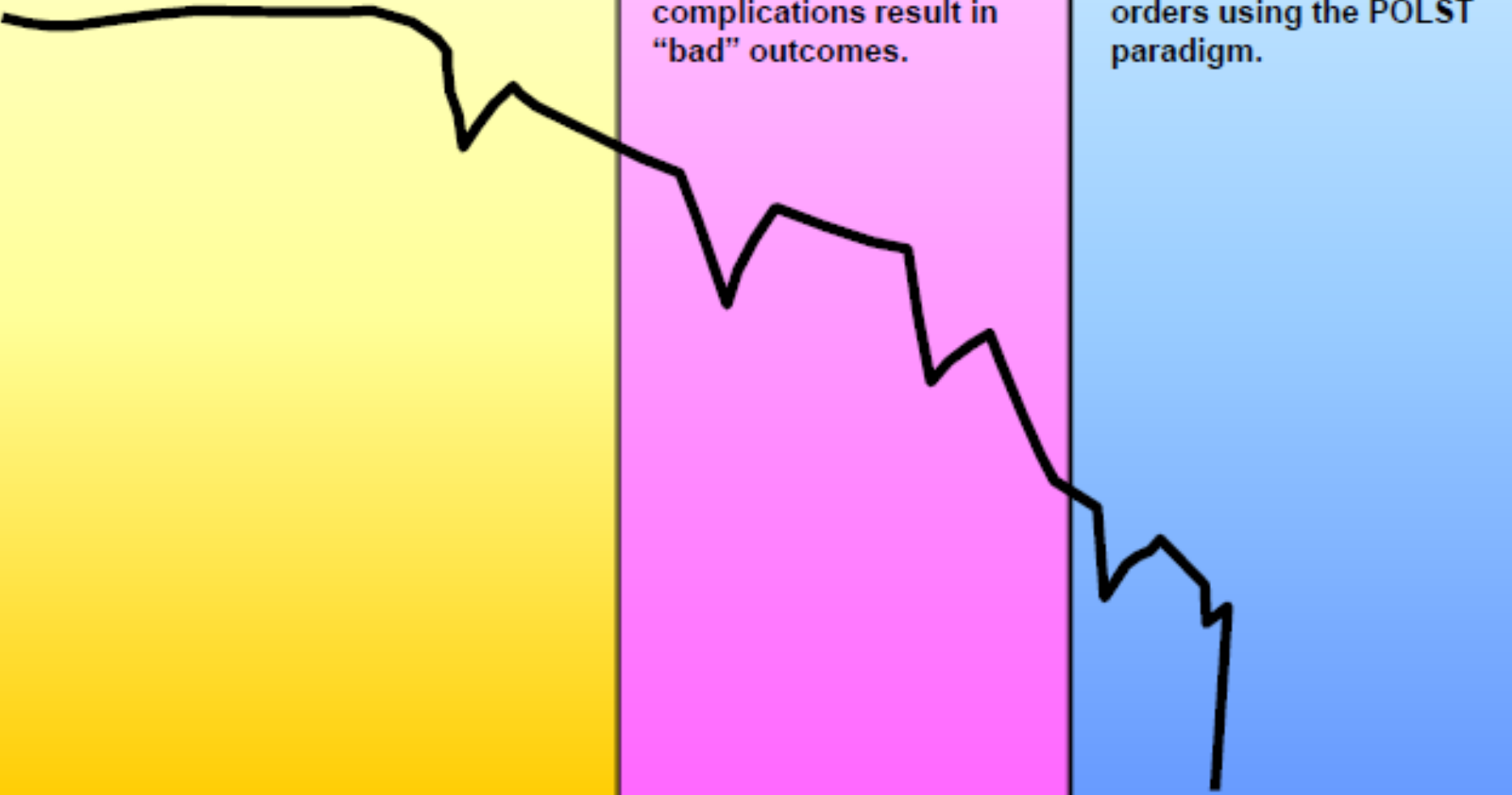
ACP: Create POAHC and consider when a serious, permanent neurological injury would change goals of treatment.

Next Steps

ACP: Determine what goals of treatment should be followed if complications result in "bad" outcomes.

Last Steps

ACP: Establish a specific plan of care expressed in medical orders using the POLST paradigm.



Healthy adults between ages 55 and 65 or at young age if diagnosed with a serious illness

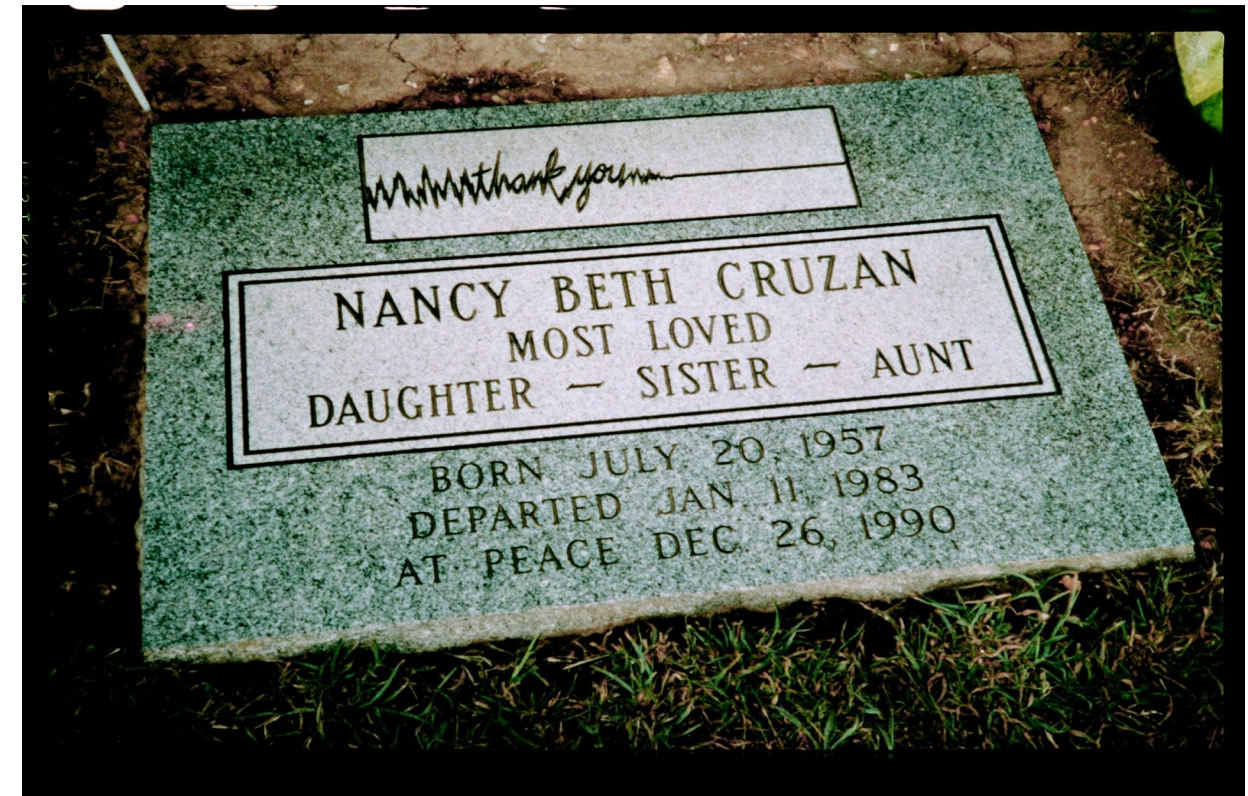
Adults with progressive, life-limiting illness, suffering frequent complications

Adults whom it would not be a surprise if they died in the next 12 months.

Some Final Thoughts...



Some History: Nancy Cruzan



The Spectrum:

Acts and Omissions that Lead to Death



Considered Legal, Ethical, Acceptable

**Legal, Ethical,
Mostly Acceptable**

**Illegal or,
Not
Acceptable
or Ethical**



"Because of your age, I'm going to recommend doing nothing."

Recap: Goals for This Discussion

- Recognize how important it is to figure out who you would want to speak for you in a medical situation if you couldn't.
- Understand how important documents are to help your loved ones – but how they only are as good as your conversations with your family and HC provider.
- Know where to get more information and help.

<https://www.bch.org/patient-visitors/patient-services/advance-care-planning/#mdpoa>

<http://theconversationprojectinboulder.org/starter-kit/>

What Matters Most to Me Workbook:

<https://theconversationproject.org/what-matters-to-me-workbook-additional-resources/#::~text=The%20What%20Matters%20to%20Me,get%20the%20care%20they%20want>

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THANK YOU!

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